MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2007 question paper

9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/04

Paper 4 (A2 Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 100

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

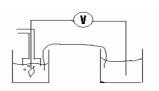
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| Page 2 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2007 | 9701 | 04 |

1 (a)



salt bridge + voltmeter zinc metal + Zn^{2+} H₂ (in, *not* out) + H⁺ Pt electrode all solutions at 1 mol dm⁻³ T = 298K *or* 25°C

[1] [1] [1]

[1]

[1]

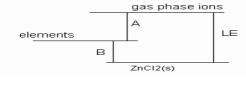
[1] **[6]**

(b)

| conditions | product at anode | product at cathode |
|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ZnCl ₂ (I) | (chlorine) | zinc [1] |
| ZnCl ₂ (conc aq) | chlorine [1] | $(H_2 \text{ or } zinc) (ignore)$ |
| ZnCl ₂ (dil aq) | oxygen [1] | hydrogen [1] |
| | | E 43 C 1 1 1 1 1 |

[1] for each product in correct place [4] [4]

(c)



$$LE = B - A$$

= -415 - (131 + 908 + 1730) - {244 + 2(-349)}
[1] [1]
= -415 - 2315
= -2730 (kJ mol⁻¹)

[1]

(correct answer = [3]: deduct [1] for each error) [3]

(d) (i)

- instrumental method (e.g. spectrophotometer/colorimeter/conductance meter)
- what is measured (e.g. absorbance/transmission at a stated wavelength or by use of a "suitable" (green) filter or conductance/resistance)
- measurement of time
- relation of time to rate (e.g. gradient of absorbance/time graph, or rate $\propto 1/t$)
- repeat with different [Zn²⁺], (but the same [PAR])
 - relation of rate to [Zn²⁺] (either by a plot or by simple proportion)

(all 6 points are unconditional on each other) any 5 points [5]

| (ii) | e.g. add Br ₂ (aq) decolourises <i>or</i> produces a white ppt. | [1] [1] |
|------|---|----------------------|
| | or add FeCl ₃ (aq or "neutral"); purple colour produced | [1] + [1] [2] |

[Total: 20]

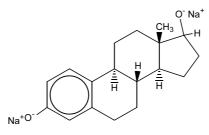
| | Page 3 | 3 | | Mark Scheme | | Syllabus | Paper | , |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|--|--|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|--|
| | | | GCE A/A | S LEVEL – May/June 2 | 007 | 9701 | 04 | |
| 2 | (a) 2Ca | a(NO₃ |)₂> 2CaO + | + 4NO ₂ + O ₂ | | | (or x ½) | [1] [1] |
| | (ca (<i>or</i> | t)ionio ionic | c size/radius incre charge density d | up (<i>or</i> higher temperature eases down the group ecreases) nion/nitrate (ion) decreas | | | | [1] [1] [1] [3] |
| | (c) (i) | | O^{+} 17 = OH ⁺ N ⁺ 16 = O ⁺ = H ₂ O and B | $18 = H_2O^+ 28 = N_2^+ 30 = NO^+ = N_2O$ | 44 = N ₂ O ⁺ | (ignore charge (ignore charges) (or in equatio | all 5 any 4 any 3 | [1] [3] <i>[2]</i> [1] [1] |
| | (ii) | ин л | $NO_3 \longrightarrow N_2$ | 0 + 2H20 | | | | [1] [6] |
| | (1) | 1 1 1 1 4 1 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | [Total: 10 | max. 9] |
| 3 | | 2Pb0 +4 s | | | oup | } (0 | r x ½) | [1] [1] [2] |
| | (b) (i) | Pb" : | Pb ^Ⅳ = 2:1 | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Pb ₃ C | $D_4 \longrightarrow 3PbC$ | $0 + \frac{1}{2}O_2$ | | | | [1] |
| | (iii) | Pb₃C | D ₄ + 4HNO ₃ – | \longrightarrow 2Pb(NO ₃) ₂ + P | bO ₂ + 2H | ₂ O | | [1] |
| | (iv) | as P | . , | asic than PbO₂/Pb(IV) ct /form a salt with HNO₃ c. | 1 | | | [1] [1] [5] |
| | | | 2NaOH \longrightarrow O ₂ or PbO) | $Na_2SnO_2 + H_2O$ | | (or Na₂Sn(C | OH)₄ etc.) | [1] [1] |
| | | | | | | | ſ | Total: 8] |

| | Page 4 | | Mark Scheme | | Syllabus | Paper | |
|---|--------------------|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------|
| | | GCE A/A | S LEVEL – May/Jur | ne 2007 | 9701 | 04 | |
| 4 | (a) | (between axes | | (or $d_{x^2} - d_{y^2}$ i. | .e. along axes) | | |
| | | [1] | | [1] | | | [2] |
| | (d)-ele repelle | ed/have higher ener | inting towards ligand | | $_{2} - d_{y^{2}}$ | [1] [1] | |
| | | higher energy (<i>or</i> e 3-orbital group has | in diagram) the <i>lower</i> energy] | | | [1] | [3] |
| | (c) (i) C | = red D = blue | | | | [1] + [1] | |
| | (ii) C | . because absorptio | n is at lower wavelen | ath/higher fregue | ncv | [1] | [3] |
| | (, - | , | | ggq | ,, | | |
| | | | | | | [Tota | I: 8] |
| 5 | II: III: IV: | (for I, mention of hf | ıct a mark ([1] only) | | | [1] [1] [1] [1] | |
| | | electrophilic substitu oxidation <i>or</i> redox | ition (NOT oxygenation) | | | [1] [1] | [2] |
| | step V | | + ethanol/alcohol li/Pt/Pd/Rh <i>or</i> Na + | ethanol | | [1] [1] [1] [1] | |
| | (d) | compound | reage cold water | ent not NaOH(aq) | | | |

| compound | r | eagent |
|----------|-----------------------|---|
| compound | cold water | hot NaOH(aq) |
| E | no reaction | no reaction |
| F | no reaction | C₅H₅CH₂OH |
| G | C ₆ H₅CO₂H | C ₆ H₅CO₂ [−] Na ⁺ |

6 x [1] **[6]**

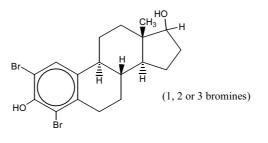
- 6 (a) (i) one correct atom circled
 - (ii) 5 (chiral centres)
 - (b) (i) sodium metal



(charges not needed) [1] + [1]

(if >1 are circled, all must be correct)

(ii) Br₂(aq)

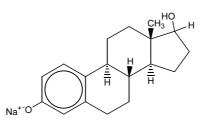


[1]

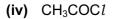
[1]

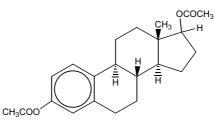
[1] [2]

(iii) NaOH(aq)



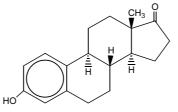
(charges not needed) [1]





[1]+ [1]

(v) hot acidified $K_2Cr_2O_7$



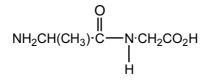
[1] (if one or more OH groups have been omitted in (ii), (iii) or (v) deduct [1] mark) [7]

[Total: 9]

| Page 6 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|--------|--------------------------------|----------|-------|
| | GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2007 | 9701 | 04 |

7 (a) (i)

- addition requires an unsaturated/double bond or alkene/C=C
- condensation produces a small molecule or water as well as the polymer or loss of mass occurs on polymerisation
- the empirical formula of an addition polymer is the same as that of the monomer any two [1] + [1]
- (ii) minimum is:



peptide link shown [1] ala-gly NOT gly-ala [1]

3 x [1] [3]

(b) X = deoxyribose

| Y | = | phosphate |
|---|---|----------------------|
| | | Alle a super line of |

Z = thymine

(c) (i) (met)- ser-arg-asp- gly (ignore leading met) [2] whole sequence three in correct order = [1]. Deduct [1] mark if "start" or "stop" is included in the amino acid sequence (ii) The amino acid gly (or the last amino acid) would be replaced by trp [1] [3] (d) (i) e.g. Huntington's, cystic fibrosis, haemophilia, sickle cell anaemia thalassemia, muscular dystrophy, Down's syndrome, phenylketonuria [1] (ii) Suitable explanation e.g. wrong amino acid coded or different aminoacid sequence or incorrect protein produced or extra chromosome (for Down's) [1] ...results in/change in 3D structure/change in active site/loss of enzyme activity (or a specific description pertinent to the mentioned disease) [1] **[3]** [Total: 13]

| Page 7 | | | | | lark Sche | | | Syllabus | Paper | • |
|--------|---|---|---|--|--|---|--|--|------------|-------|
| | | | GCE | E A/AS L | .EVEL – N | /lay/June 20 | 07 | 9701 | 04 | |
| | the CC the <i>salv</i> acid | cathc D ₂ H (i anod <i>vage:</i> dic/lov | ode/negative or –NH ₃ ⁺) gro e/positive either: if I [1] or: if I ch v pH will prof | bup can l H⁺ gain/ld I mark. H⁺ gain/ld arge (+/- tonate th | lose a pro oss is des oss is not -) is given e amino a | ton and the r cribed but nc described bu , award [1] r | nolecule m direction at correct n bark. high pH wi | oves towards noves towards of movement is novement of ion Il deprotonate | - | |
| () | (-) | | vay between | | | | | | | [1] |
| | (ii) | Dic | largor sinco | it travels | s moro slo | wly/does not | movolas | for as S | | [1] |
| | (") | 1113 | | | | | 11000 43 | | | ניו |
| (c) | (i) (ii) | Seco | ond phase is | (| oisture (N | IOT aqueous | , NOT stat | ionary) | | [1] |
| | | | spot applier here | c I | A¢. | B solvent 2 — • | | solvent | | |
| | | | | | | | | all 5 positio | ns correct | [2] |
| | | | | | | | | • | 4 correct | [1] |
| | (iii) | D | | | | | | | | [1] |
| | | ~ | | | | | | | | [1] |
| | (iv) | 1. | | | | | | | | 11 |
| | (iv) | С | | | | | | | | otal: |

| Pag | e 8 | Mark Scheme | Syllabus | Paper |
|-----|--------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | GCE A/AS LEVEL – May/June 2007 | 9701 | 04 |
| (a) | • | operties e.g. hite conducts electricity | | |
| | • laye | rs in graphite slide over one another <i>or</i> is slippery <i>or</i> | acts as a lubricant | t |
| | | xyballs are <i>more</i> slippery <i>or</i> have lower coefficient of to their property of being "molecular ball bearings" | friction | |
| | • grap | hite has higher m.pt. | | |
| | • grap | hite has higher density | | |
| | • grap | hite has lower solubility | | |
| | buck | yballs can trap elements/atoms/particles within them | selves | |
| | • (Son | ne comment about the strength in each of 3 dimension | ons) (any three of the | <i>above)</i> 3 x [1] |
| • • | The (wal of graphi | ls of) nano-sized test tubes consists of (rolled/single) te | sheets | [1] |
| - | The ends | s are half a buckyball (buckminsterfullerene) | | [1] |
| | | are similar in size to the wavelength of uv light ect/deflect/scatter (NOT absorb) the harmful radiation | on | [1] [1] |
| | | | | [Total |